

CCARC - BPRA Ham Basics 2010

Welcome!

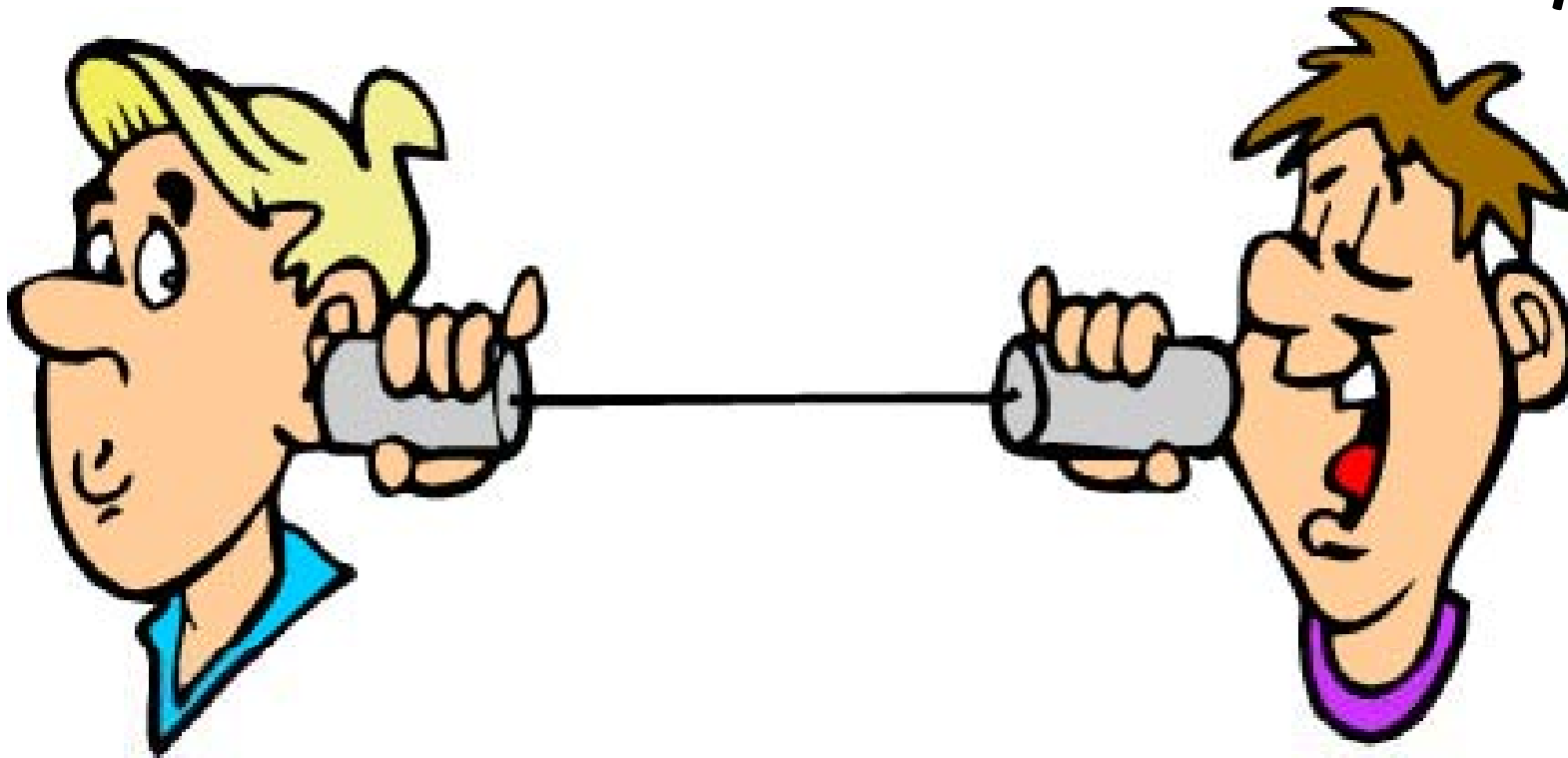
Digital Communications

“AMATEUR RADIO IS THE HOBBY...
EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS IS A COMMITMENT...”



What is digital messaging?

How do we do it?





Subjects to cover

- Amateur Radio Digital Mode History
- Two Basic Digital Technologies
- TNC Technology, Modes & Software
- Soundcard Technology, Modes & Software
- Accuracy
- Making the connection without wires
- Making the connection with wires
- Digital Messaging Systems
- Making the “over-the-air” connection with radio



Amateur Radio Digital Mode History

- The **'Original Digital'** mode
 - Presence or absence of carrier (1, 0, 1, 0, 1, etc.)
 - **CW!**



Amateur Radio Digital Mode History

- Started as Mechanical Hardware Specific
 - 1849 Landline based teleprinter operations began
 - 1920 Rudolf Hell invented Hellschreiber
 - 1930's RTTY (**R**adio **T**ele**TY**pe) [Military RATT/SCRT]
- 1980's started computerizing the RTTY signals
- Prior to 1995 the only 'legal' HF digital mode that was authorized by the FCC were those that used the standard Baudot codes; e.g. RTTY



Amateur Radio Digital Mode History

- In 1995, the FCC opened to door to other modes (ASCII based) and declared that any new mode coding were legal as long as they were published in the public domain.

- And the “Barn Door” opened!



Amateur Radio Digital Modes

Mode	Year	Author
AMTOR	1983	G3PLX
APRS		
ASCII		
BAUDOT		
BPSK31/63/125		
CHIP 64/128		
CLOVER	1993	HAL Corp
CLOVER 2000		
CONTESTIA		
CW (Morse)		
CW CCW (OOK-FSK)		
DIGISSTV		
DOMINO	2004	VK2ZTO
DOMINOF/EX		
FAX		
FSK31		
FSK441		
G-TOR		Kantronics
HELLSCHREIBER	1920's	Rudolf Hell
C/MT HELL		
DUPLO HELL		IZ8BLY
FELD HELL		
FM HELL 105/245		
FSK HELL		
GL HELL		
HELL 80		
PC HELL		
PSK HELL 105/245	1999	ZL1BPU & IZ8BLY
S/MT HELL		
HF FAX		
HF DIGITAL RADIO MONDIALE		
JT44		

Mode	Year	Author
MFSK16/8		ZL1BPU & IZ8BLY
PICCOLO		
COQUELET		
MT63 (all sub-modes)		SP9VRC
NAVTEX		
OLIVIA		
PACKET, HF	Early 70's	
PACTOR I	1991	DL6MDA & DF4KV
PACTOR II	Mid 90'S	
PACTOR III	2002	
PACTOR 4	On the way!	
PAKAM10		
PAX		
PAX2		
PSK10		
PSK31	1999	G3PLX
PSK63F/125F/220F	2003	
Q15X25		
QPSK31/63/125		
RTTY		
RTTY 50+SUNOP		
RTTYM		
SITOR A		
SLOW FELD		
SSTV		
TDM		
THROB		G3PTT
THROBX		
WEFAX		
WINMOR		

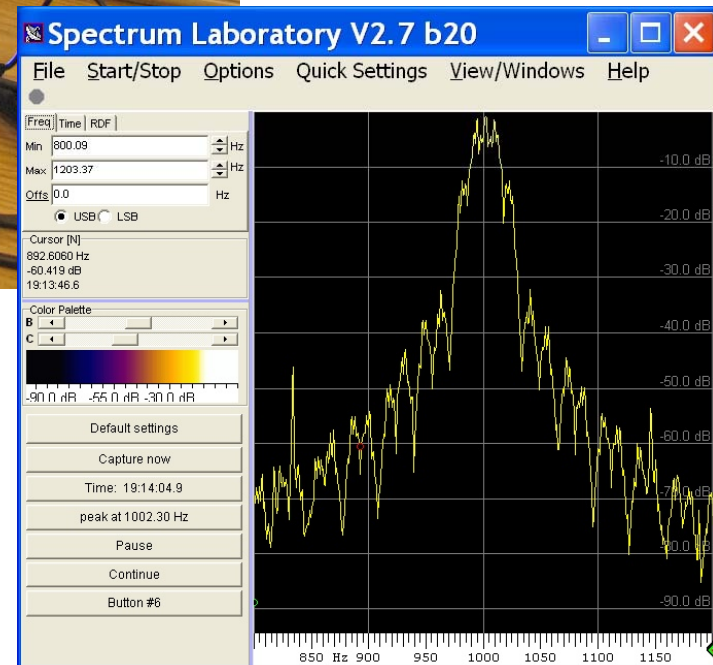
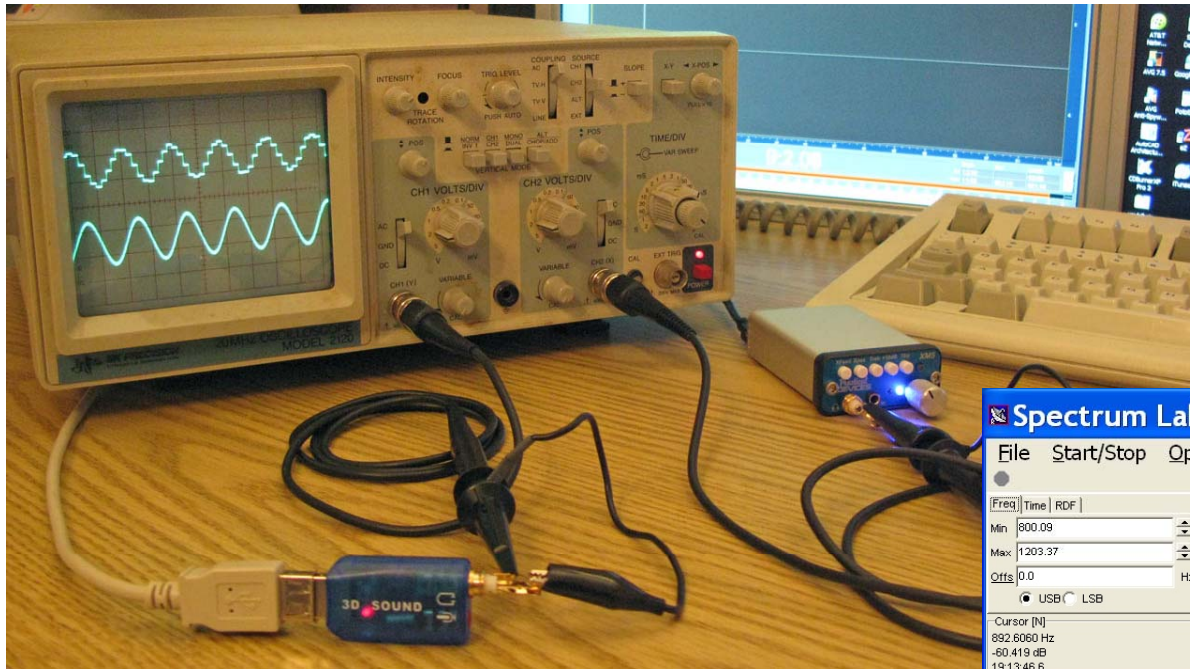


Two Basic Digital Technologies

- Objective is “Tones-to-Digits-to-Tones”
- Terminal Node Controller (Hardware based)
 - External ‘smart box’ converter for digits-to-tones-to-digits
 - Not inexpensive
- Soundcard (Software based)
 - External or Internal PC microprocessor converter for digits-to-tones-to-digits



Digits-to-Tones-to-Digits





TNC Technology

- TNC (Terminal Node Controller)
 - Typically external to PC
 - Many mfg's (SCS, Kantronics, Timewave/AEA, etc.)
 - Some have Digital Signal Processing (DSP) built-in



TNC Modes



- PACTOR I, II, III
- AMTOR
- RTTY
- PSK31
- CW
- PACKET (HF & U/VHF)
- NAVTEX
- TDM



TNC Software

Generic

- Alpha
- PCPakRatt
- Airmail
 - PACKET/PACTOR
- Paclink
 - PACKET/PACTOR
- RMS Express
 - PACKET/PACTOR

SCS Specific

- NCWinPTC
- NCWinPTC Term
- EzTransfer
- SCS Mail



External TNC Devices





Soundcard Technology

- Soundcard
 - Internal to PC
 - External to PC (Tigertronics, WMR, etc.)



Some Acronyms Defined

- *AFSK – Audio Frequency Shift Keying*
- *BPSK - Binary Phase Shift Keying*
- *FSK – Frequency shift Keying*
- *MPSK - Multiple Phase Shift Keying*
- *QPSK - Quadrature Phase Shift Keying*



Soundcard Modes

- BPSK 31/63/125
- QPSK 10/31/50
- MPSK
- PACKET
- CCW
- PACTOR 1
- AMTOR FEC
- RTTY
- MFSK 8/16
- OLIVIA
- THROB
- Domino
- PAX
- ALE
- COQUELET
- Hellschreiber
- SSTV
- MT-63
- CHIP
- APRS
- Contestia
- HF FAX
- WIMOR



Soundcard Software

- Cwtype
- DIGIPAN
- DigTRX
- Feld Hell
- FTV
- Hamscope
- JVComm32
- MixW
- MMSSTV
- MMRTTY
- MT63
- MultiPSK
- NBF
- PacLink
- Paxon
- PcPakratt
- RDFT
- RMS Express
- Sally
- SCAMP
- SlowFel
- SlowFeld
- Stream
- Throb
- TrueTTY
- W1SQLPSK
- WinDRM
- WinPack
- WinPSKse
- WSJT



MixW

YT1DL - Current log: MixW2.log - MixW

File Edit Mode Options View Configure Help

AutoCQ CQ Call 3 Call Info Brag Bye Clear TX RX << >>

QSO	Mode	Freq	Date	UTC	Call	Name	QTH	RST_Sent	RST_Recv	Notes
QSO										
QSO										
QSO										
1	BPSK3	14071.	03/23/2009	17:11:55				599	599	

INFO WWW QRZ.COM SK SK dear friend ((73🐼)) FORYOU AD
YhUR Fily DE **IT9ZAQ** AGOSTINO BAY BAY SK StRtd oae e
enee
oi n oe
n eto

RX Sq AFC Lock Snap 1265.7 Hz IMD: BPSK31 03/23/2009 17:11:55 z



MultiPSK

RX/TX screen ** MULTIPSK - THE MULTIMODE DIGITAL TRANSCEIVER ** Version 4.8.1

Help TCP/IP Mdem Oscillo Spectrum Transceiver Country/Loc World QSO Config Tune Program Beacon Exit

About Personal CPU Sampling freq: PC (>=) MHz Mixer Level Over Panoramic:
Licence Clocks 16 bits Identifiers 450 166 66 Input Output PSK CW RTTY

1 Call ? Name N Freq Mhz View Mode Ur RST My RSTR B S Locator ? QTH Path Notes Opt ? Clear Logbook Record
0 BPSK31 599 599 Cluster L A DXKeeper Cont F

Modes RS ID Video ID QRGs RS Auto-detect Sound card 0 bauds Mode
TX: BPSK31 MODE RX: BPSK31 Auto mode Slave Master

TX frequency RX frequency Fr. difference Squelch IMD= Quality=1/5
377.711z 377.711z 0.011z 0 F Reset r="8" 0 S/N<-30 dB

200 500 1000

Spectrum Waterfall High
Mar1 Mar2 Go M1 Go M2
<< >> XIT Rewind
Band KHz (P450=+)
Lock 2.5 3.3 4.3
Color Frequency
10 AGC Grey

CQ	ABCDEFGH	12345678	SEQ. 4	SEQ. 5	SEQ. 6	SEQ. 7	SEQ. 8
Set 2	File	MACROS	Clear	Repeat	UTC/GMT	SEQ. 9	SEQ. 10
						CW end/fin	CW answer

,ePi efoen F 0dëo€(ie[e e eDFU pse k
gt0tdit
OM
UT7Lve 73!
QSL 100% via Butnau or direct !
Good Luck BYE BYE DE , 73 73 !
d0SAD DE HB9EDH *
eo i e t <ržei E. ic

Snapshot Print Fonts Clear Double Auto TX Height 33 TX STOP RX 29/04/09 20:43:02 UTC SpotC. Off Commander



External Soundcard Devices





Accuracy

- Broadcast Mode
 - Character loss is not important
- Error Checking modes
 - ARQ (**A**utomatic **R**epeat-**r**e**Q**uest)
 - FEC (**F**orward **E**rror **C**orrection)



Accuracy

- The **ARQ** mode is used where absolute accuracy is paramount on the exchanged message.
 - It uses a handshaking technique to ensure absolute accuracy in the exchange of data.
 - When a block of the message is not received with 100% accuracy, the receiving station requests the entire block to be resent.



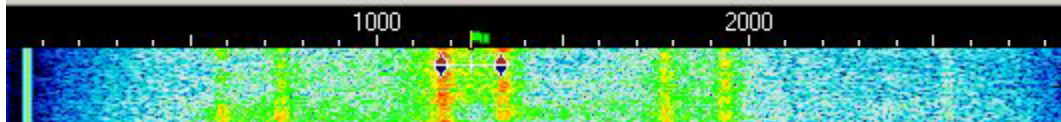
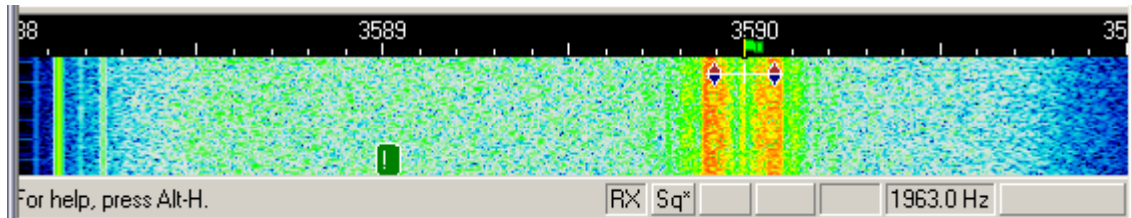
Accuracy

- The **FEC** mode is used where absolute accuracy is not paramount but a higher degree of message exchange reliability is.
 - A redundant data transmission technique that transmits the information using a predetermined algorithm (no handshaking)



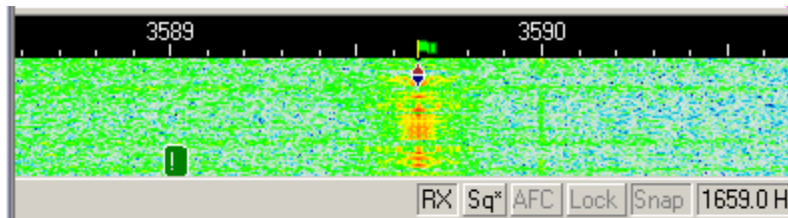
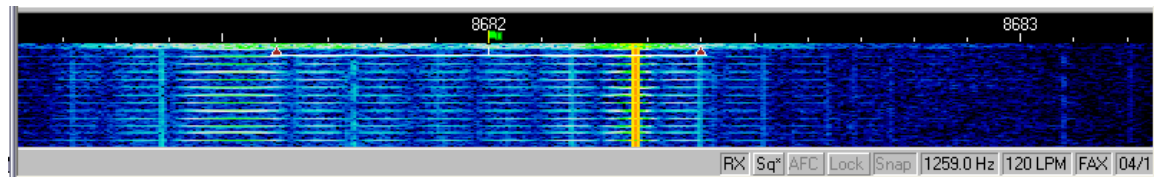
Mode Displays

AMTOR



CW

FAX

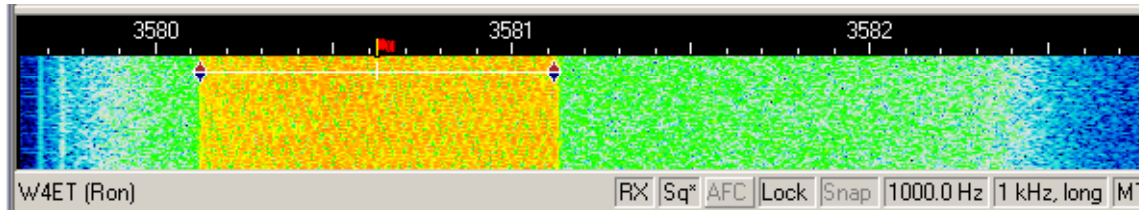
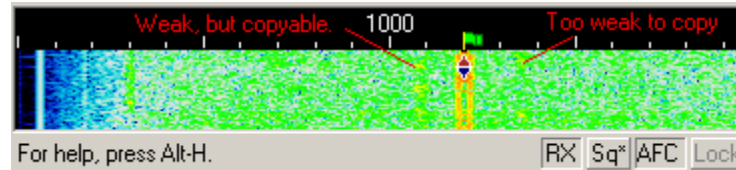


HELLSCREIBER



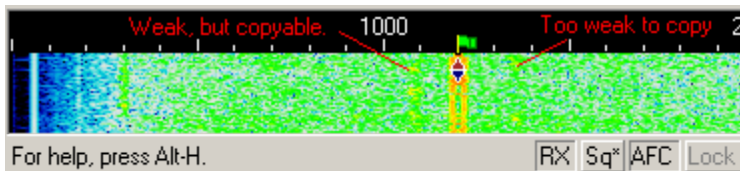
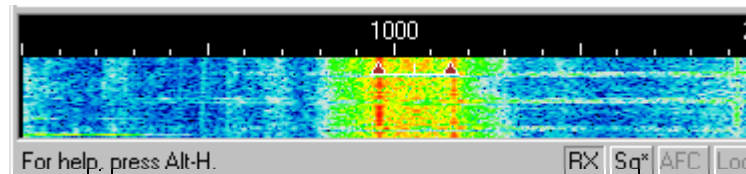
Mode Displays

FSK31



MT-63 (1000HZ)

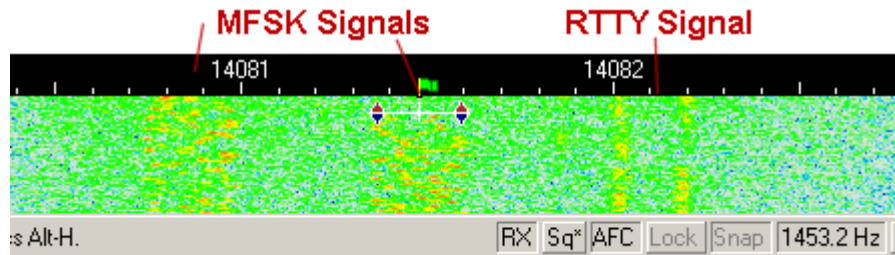
PACTOR 1
PACTOR 2
PACTOR 3



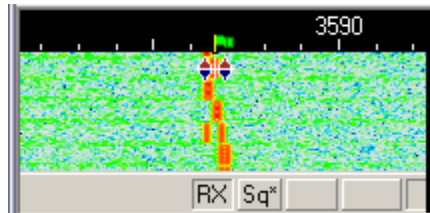
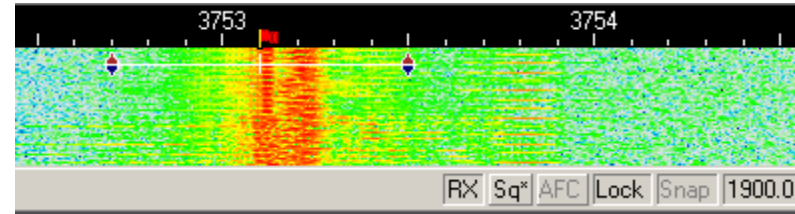
PSK 31/63/125



Mode Displays

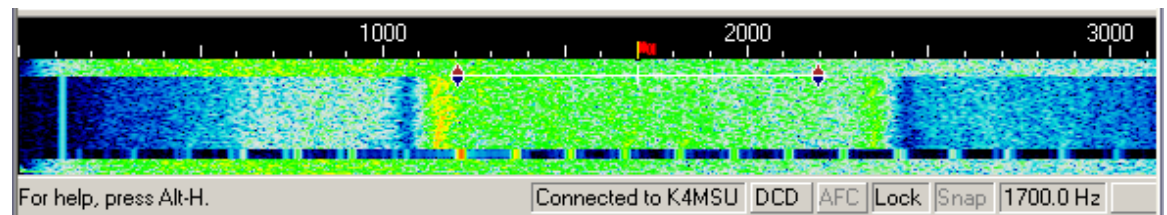


SSTV



THROB

VHF PACKET



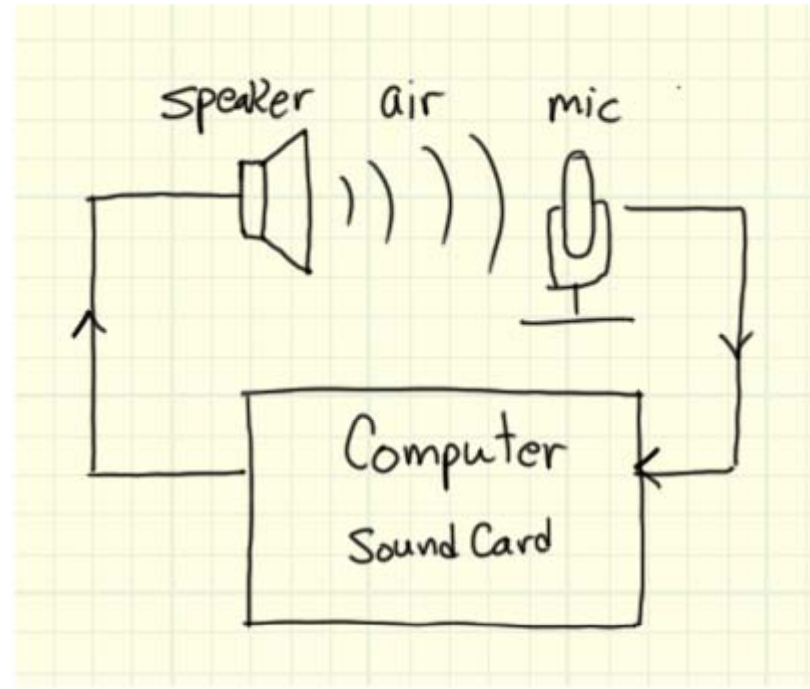


Making the connection without wires

Receive = Radio Speaker - into - Computer Microphone

Transmit = Radio Microphone – into – Computer Speaker

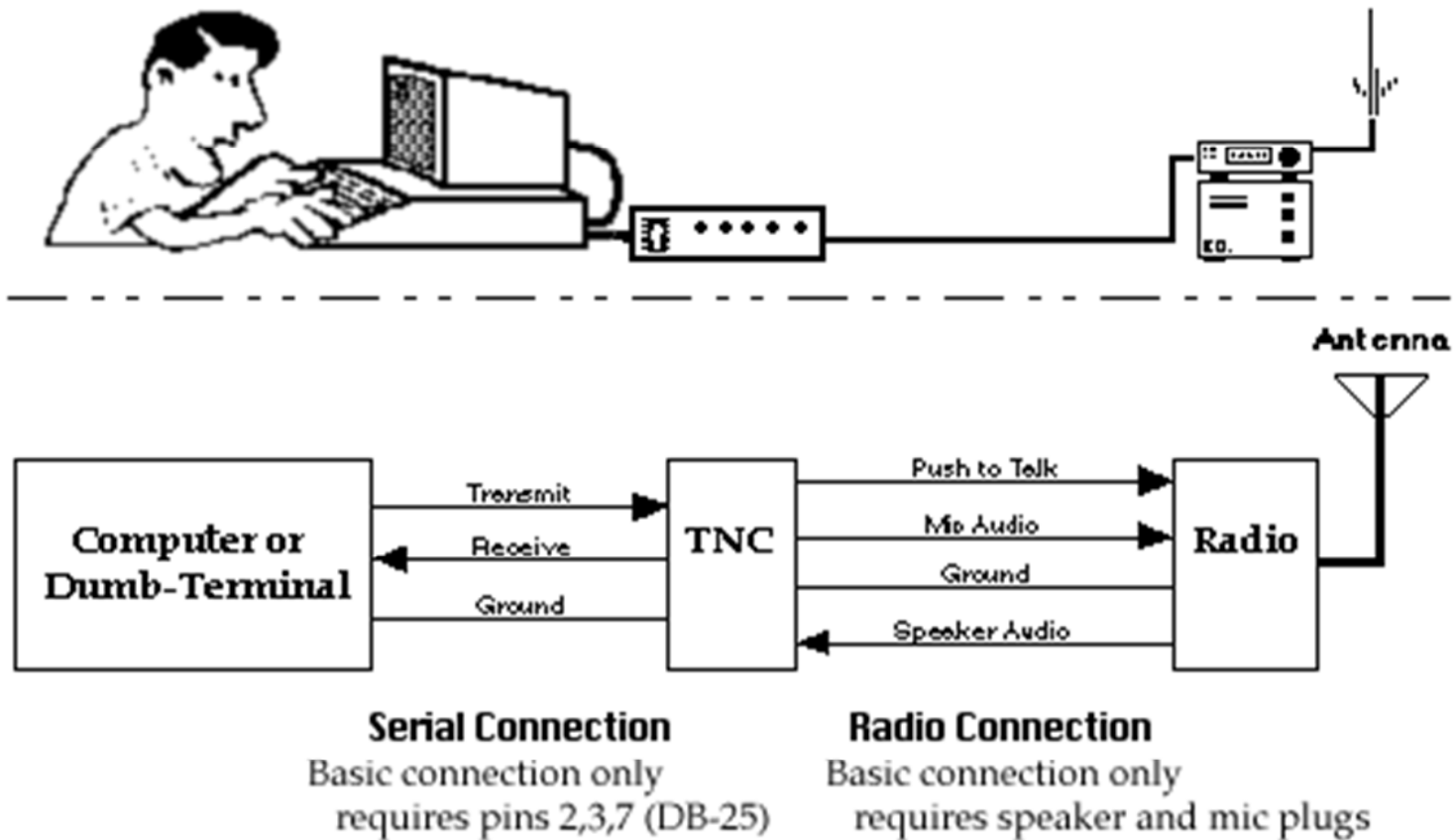
It's Free!



What about Transmit PTT?



Making the connection with wires



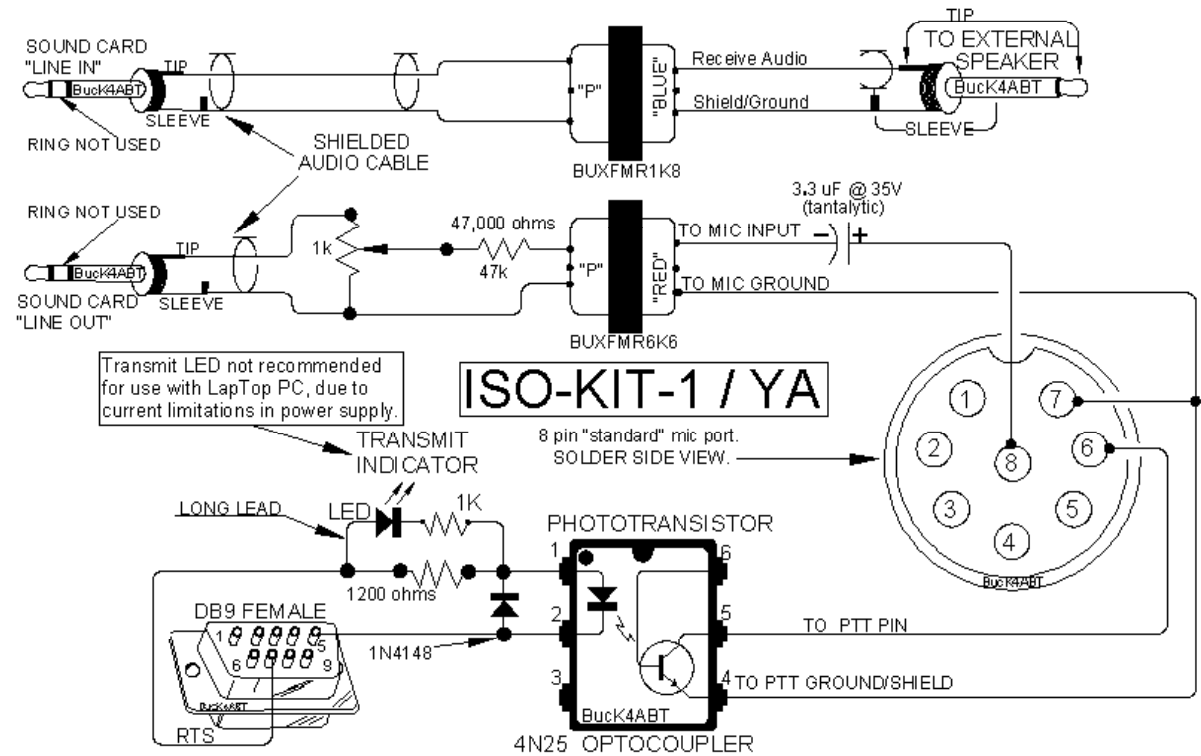


Soundcard Interface - Improved

- Two issues

1. TX & RX Audio isolation

2. PTT control



If serial Comport is DB25, use RTS = 4 & Ground = 7.

YAESU 8 pin microphone HF, VHF, UHF Models; FT-FT-1, 102, 211, 290, 480, 5100, 650, 690, 707, 712, 726, 7200, 727, 736, 747, 757, 767, 77, 790, 840, 890, 912, 980, 990,... etc to PC sound card for PSK31 mode.

Note: Buxcomm Product Shown



Digital Messaging Schemes

1. Keyboard-to-Keyboard
 - Type message on keyboard
2. Station-to-Station (Point-to-Point)
 - Typed or text file message “Mailboxes” (MBX)
3. Local Message Boards (BBS)
 - Central location for formatted messages
4. Wide Area Systems
 - Winlink 2000 (input/output via a ‘RMS’)

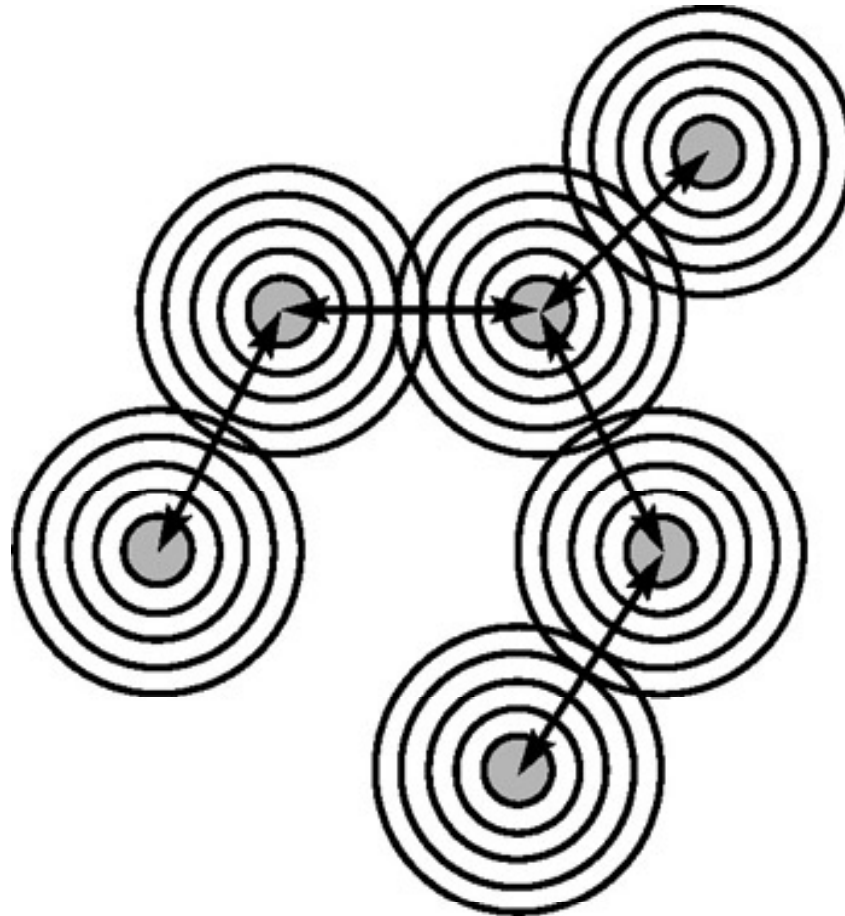


Digital Messaging Systems

- Point-to-Point
- PACKET
 - BBS
- Winlink 2000
 - TELNET
 - PACKET
 - PACTOR
 - WINMOR



PACKET System Topology





Making the connection with Radio

- Point-to-Point: Any mode, many softwares
- PACKET
 - AX.25 technology
- Winlink 2000
 - TELNET
 - PACKET
 - PACTOR
 - WINMOR (**WIN**link **M**essage **O**ver **R**adio)



Digital Communication

- Clark County PACKET
 - 144.99 [& 441.060]
 - Station to Station (K-K or MBX)
 - Mt Livingston BBS
 - Currently W7AIA-8
 - Changing to K7CLL-8



OutpostPM

Outpost Packet Message Manager

File Edit Setup Tools Actions Help

New Open Delete Print Send/Receive

Folder List

- In Tray
- Out Tray
- Sent Msgs
- Archive
- Draft Msgs
- Deleted Msgs

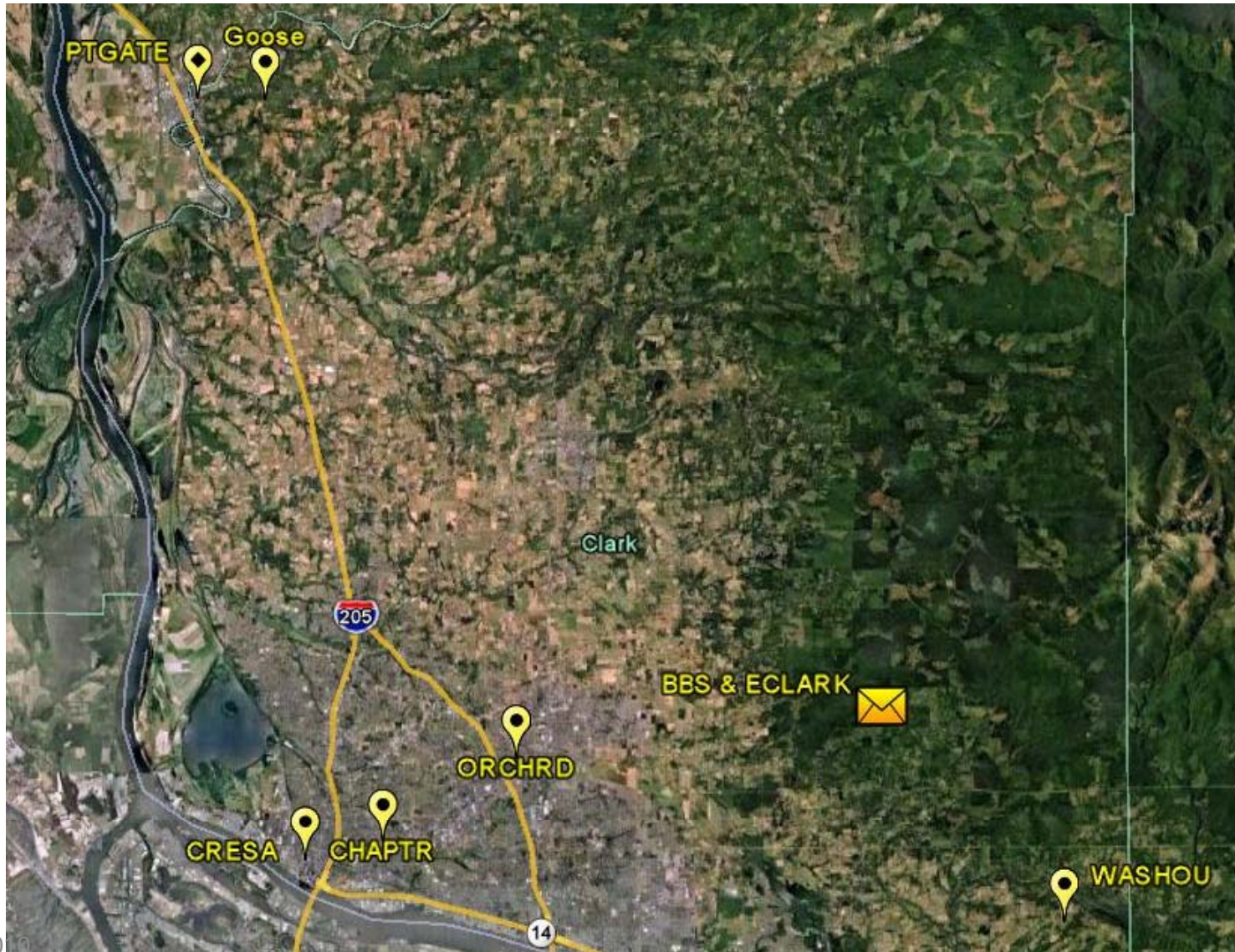
In Tray

U	Type	From	To	BBS	Subject	Date/Time	Size
B		NGVHF	ALL	K6FB-2	SUNNYVALE HAME FLEA MA...	04/02/2007 ...	2854
B		SYSOP	ALLEOC	W6XSC-1	EMERGENCY BBS OPERATIONS	04/03/2007 12:46	1174
		KN6PE	NEWUSR		Outpost Known Limitations, v2.2	04/04/2007 12:00	4282
		KN6PE	NEWUSR		What's New in Outpost v2.2	04/04/2007 12:00	2854
		KN6PE	NEWUSR		Welcome to Outpost 2.2	04/04/2007 12:00	1174
!!		XSCFOC	CUPEOC	W6XSC-1	Request EDC Status	04/04/2007 ...	4282
B		KN6PE	CARES	K6FB-2	N95 Mask Purchase	04/09/2007 20:43	241

7 Items, 75 Total Station ID: KN6PE -- TNC: KPC3 -- BBS: KN6PE-1 00:00:00 20:58:35



Digital Comms - PACKET



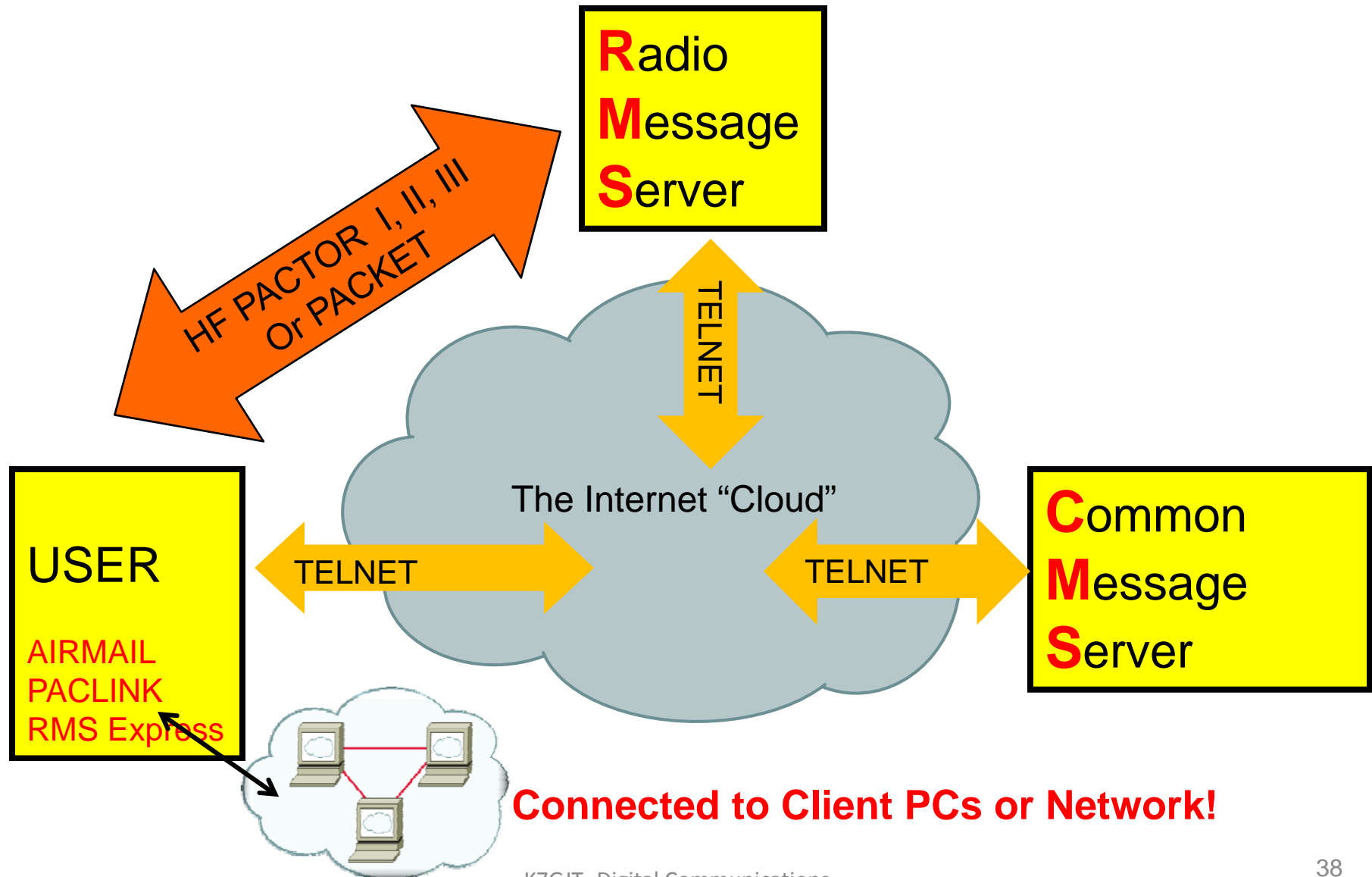


Digital Communication

- Clark County Winlink 2000
 - 144.920 & 441.525
 - VHF: K7YFJ-10 & KA7CTT-10
 - UHF: K7YFJ-10 & K7GJT-10



Winlink 2000 Topology



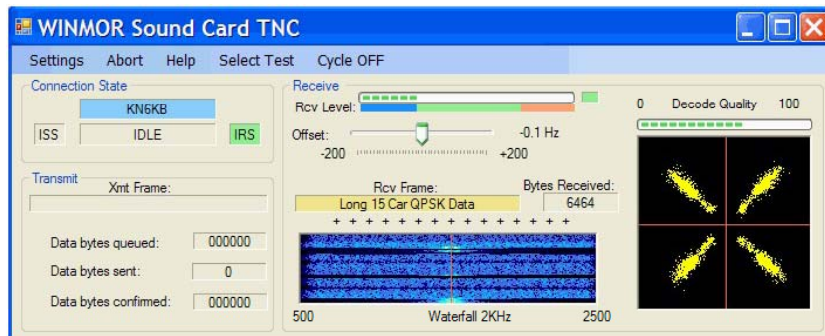
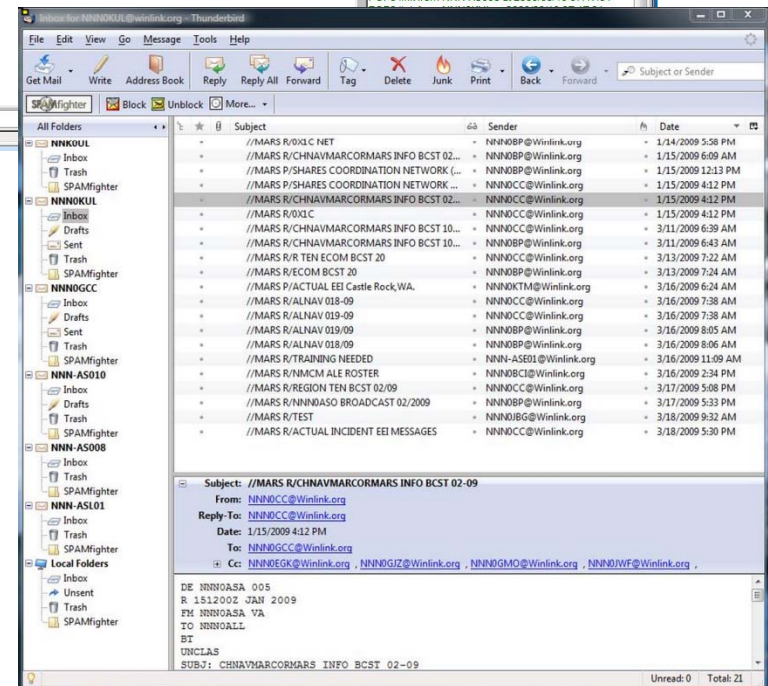
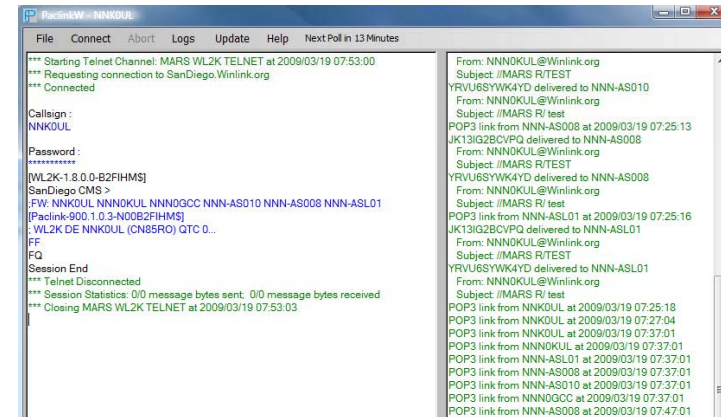
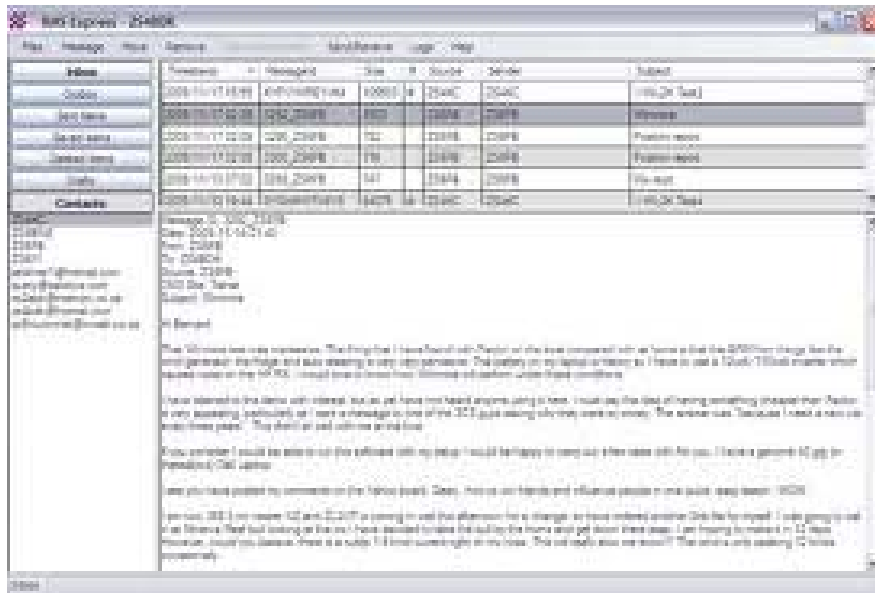


Winlink Station





RMS Express & Paclink





Airmail



The screenshot displays the Airmail software interface. The main window shows a message index with columns for Message ID, From, To, Via, Subject, Size, and Date. A propagation calculator window is open, showing parameters for a station at 42°00'N, 083°00'W (Grid EN82ma) and a target station at 45°31'N, 073°18'W (Grid FN35m). The calculator shows a distance of 470 NM at 60°T. A Telnet Client window is also open, showing a connection to ZS6JDE. The Telnet client window displays the following text:

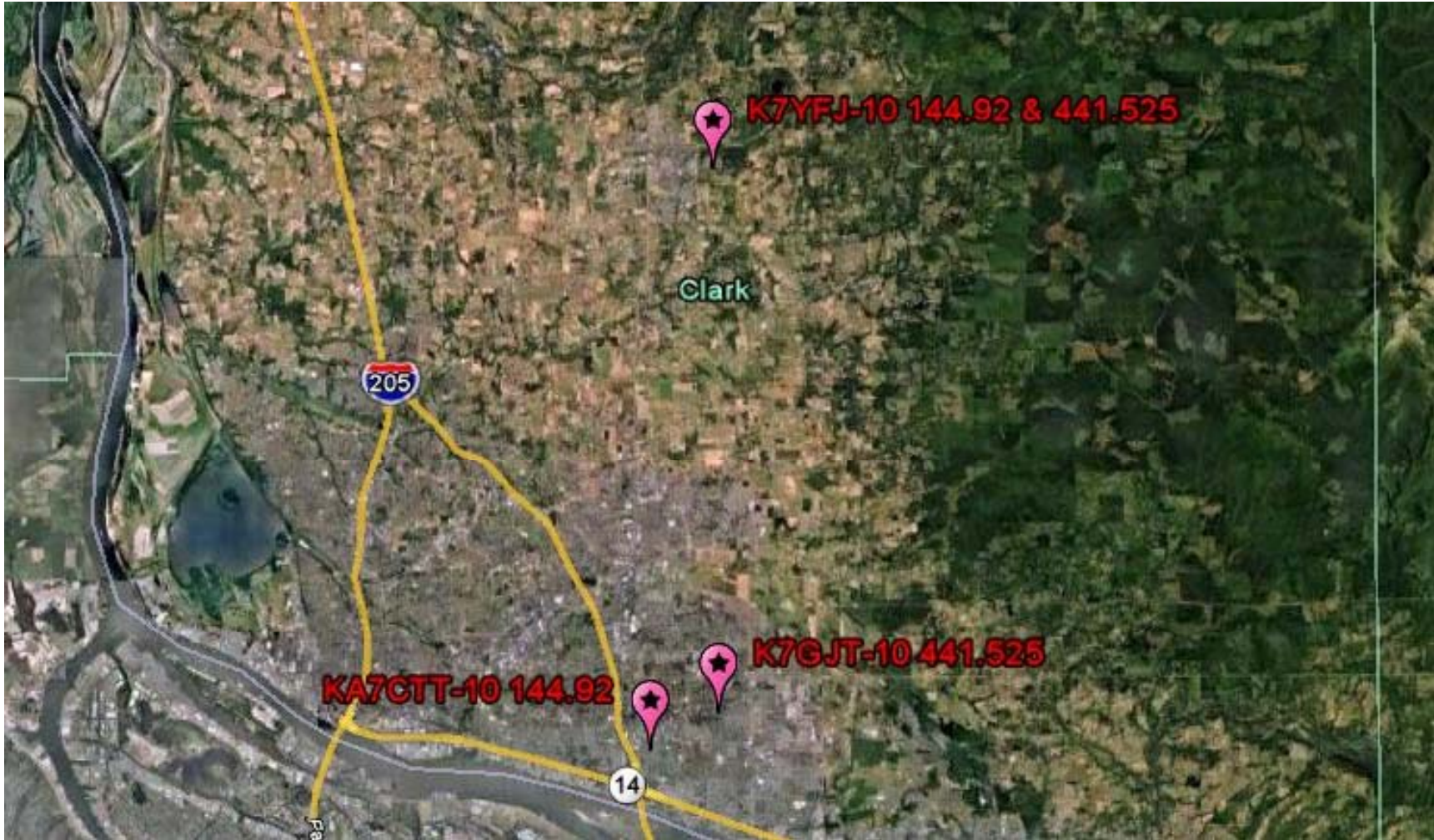
```

Enjoy wivlink!
ZS4BDK DE ZS6JDE >
[AirMail 3.2.010.8.2FHIM$]
:ZS6JDE de ZS4BDK
FF
FQ
<telnet port disconnect event>
2006/04/03 17:38:42 Telnet Disconnected
  
```

The Telnet Client window also shows Tx Data: 0/0 and Rx Data: 0/0 bytes. The interface includes a file explorer on the left, a taskbar at the bottom, and a system tray with the time 12:42 PM.



Digital Comms – WL2K RMSs





Questions?